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United States Department of the Interior Meritage Conservation and Recreation Service

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3. Classification						
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tifle II/A	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS DESCRIBED TO THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN	THE PRODUCTION OF BUILDING	gible? yes X. no			
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7. Description

Condition		Check one	Check one	
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Singer Poiling is a ten story structure with a full basement. The facade, facing State Screet on the east, and about twenty-five test on the south extending back along the alley, are clad with a glamed terma cotta. The tenth floor facade is set back a few feet and is polygonal in shape. The first floor store front has been covered or altered by later modifications.

The facende is vertically accented by the slim faceade, strong piers at the corners, and two continuous slender piers that separate the three large double hung windows at each floor. The spandrels are recessed and richly ornamented with gothic details cast in terra cotta. The second, third and fourth floors are exceptionally tall, and the windows reflect this on the tacade. All of this embasis on the vertical culminates in a burst of gothic imagery at the parapets, where terra cotta finals extend well above the top of the building. Many of these larger elements have been removed and are being stored in the building.

The original typical floor plan includes an enclosed stairwell, two elevators, and a small restroom grouped midway clong the north wall. The floor plan is open without columns or bearing walls. Each floor has a narrow hallway that runs east and were in foot of the elevators, stairs and restrooms. The wall between the offices and the hallway is punctuated by windows (including operable seath) glazed doors, and transons to borrow light from the windows on the south facade of the building. Each hallway, the restrooms, and the lobby on the first floor are identated with a black and white characteristic transport of cramic monada tile. The lobby on the ground floor is also trimmed with a horrel wault ciling and ornamental cornice. Each elevator door is framed with ornamental bronze trim. The elevator doors are bronze and class.

The ground floor is presently occupied by a restaurant in the principle space, while the former public lobby space accommodates a streat level carmed corn. shop. Fortunately, the needs of each of these businesses did not require major alterations to the original structure, and the appearance today is essentially of a cosmetic nature. The original surfaces have been covered over by pancling, etc., but remains intact. Current plans call for high quality restoration to near-original condition of the public spaces.

8. Significance

1500–1599 1600-1699 1700–1799 1800–1899	Areas of Significance—C — archeology-prehistoric — agriculture — X architecture — art — X commerce — communications	community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration settlement	landscape architectur law literature military music philosophy politics government	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theatei transportation
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Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Singer Building is significent in three primary areas. It represents a structure built by a mojor American company whose product had an extraordinary impact on our nation and the world. The building was designed by an eminent firm of architecture whose work before, during and after this building had an emermous impact on world architecture. Finally, the Singer Building eleculy represents a type of atructure which embodies certain characteristics of architecture and engineering which had profound influence on the design of buildings during a specific era, and which are no longer used.

The firm which eventually became the Singer Sewing Michigan Company was established in 1850 by Isaac Marritt Singer. Singer was responsible for the development of the first practical sawing machine. The machine, the company, and Isaac Singer had a tumultuous, scandal-filled existence during the quarter century prior to Singer's death in 1877. Singer's hectic life caused numerous problems, which prevented the firm from entablishing a truly efficient national organization until after his death. However, by the turn of the century, the Singer Scwing Machine Company was firmly entrouched and had already established a major office in Chicago. By the First World War, plauning had begun for constructing a new office building and display area in Chicago. Plans become firm in the carry 1920's when the dominent architectural firm of Hundie & Jousen were commissioned to d-sion and sepervise construction of a mooren office building including shops on State Street in Chicago. The building permit was issued on August 24, 1925; elecavation was under way in early September of that year, and the building was completed in June of 1926. Records indicate that the Singer Company occapied only four floors of the building upon its completion. although additional floors were used by Singer as the years passed. Their occupancy included display space, their local agents' office, their "School of Dressmaking", and their collections office, as well as other corporate functions.

The Singer Duilding was designed by Architects Mundle & Jensen. William Eryce Mundle wat a prominent Chicago demigner who is often ov-rlocked in favor of his more well known first partner, William LeBaron Jenney. Mundle was a Canadian, the son of an architect, and was trained to be an architect at Hamilton Collegiate Institute. At age 21, in 1884, he entered the office of W.L.B. Jenney. During the next seven years he distinguished himself and Jenney in draftsmanship and design. In 1891, at age 28, he was made a full partner, and the firm became Jenney & Mundle. In c. 1905, the firm became Jenney, Mundle & Jensen to partnership. Several years later, after the death of Jenney in 1907, the firm became Nundle & Jensen. It was under this name that the Singer Sewing Machine Company was designed.

Mundle was active in architectural circles during his youth and was an early member of the Chicago Architectural Club. His work was published widely during the Lafe 19th Century. He was an extraordinary draftsman, and his primary contribution

(Continued on Continuation Sheet #1)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

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Continuation sheet #1 SIGNIFICANCE

Item number

Page

to architecture was in the field of Geeign. After Jonusy's retirement and death in 1907, the firm had a decade of relatively modest success. However, during and fullowing the First World War, they once nore became a major firm responsible for large scale work of a quality similar to that of Jenney a Mandie. They did a number of bank buildings and several large, multi-story structures in Chicago and elgowiere, including the International Tailoring Building (1816), and the J.T. Toylor Building in 1922. The period between 1911 and 1917 saw several bank designs completed throughout Illinois. One of their largest structures was the Union League Club of Chicago, completed in 1924. It was built by the same contractor, R.F. Wilson & Company, who began construction of the Singer Building within a few weeks of its completion.

The Singer Building represented on important and significant event in the occurre of Mundie and Jensen. The client's program called for a street level show room which would also permit retail sales. Provision for rotail space in the lamement and upper floors was also mandated, along with sufficient private and open office space on the upper floors to accommodate the Chicago office of the Singer Edwing Machine Company, as well as income-producing tenant space. All this had to be done on a lot wish only 25' frontage on State Street and 115' deep. Natural light, colour-free floors, and low maintenance were all besic requirements. The natural light requirement was the most difficult to resolve. It was solved by providing exactionally high floor-toceiling heights on the lower floors which, in turn, permitted very large windows on the east faced. The south clevation, which fronted on an eller, was also emitted with a large double hung sash, thus providing substantial light even through it was not direct sunlight. The west facade was on an alley, but windows were provided on all the floors above street level. The elevators and stairs war on the north wall located generally towards the rear to excid blocking the east light. The upper floors not only had the east, west and south light, but also were fitted with north windows. As one ascends to the upper floors, the coiling height is lower since the light is more direct and the need for high ceilings is lessened.

The column-free floors were easily provided since the vidth of the building was only 25%. The structure is framed in steel with flat tile arch floors. The enterior walls are brick with the east feeder being sheathed in creamy white terms potta ornament executed in gothic details. The terms cotta is returned several feet on both the couth and north facades. A high percentage of glass is included in the well-proportioned main facade. The glased terms cotta was intended to provide a low maintenance surface, but years of neglect have left it quite grimy.

When completed, the singer Euliding represented the state of the art of hig city, downtown, office/retail structures. The gothic details were generally considered entirely appropriate for such buildings and had been previously used an larger, more highly publicized buildings, such as the Woolworth in New York City and the Tribone Tower in Chicago. The sineer, heavever, was strictly a business structure designed for efficiency, low maintenance, and as a symbol of composite stability. It succeeded admirably and served this purpose for half a century. During the past 25 years, the Singer Stwing Machine Company has been totally reorganized, and their former Chicago headquarters building has changed hands several times. During the decade of the 1970's it was apparently the target of a developer assemblage and all floors except the street

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Mistoric Places Inventory—Remination Form

Continuation sheet #2 STCREFTCANOR

Item number

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level were vacated in properties. For possible demolition. The proposed project was not realized, and unfortunately the building has remained nearly compty.

The current owner of the Singer Building augmired it early in 1982. The first floor is still the only one accessibly occuded. Changes which have been made to the building over the years are harely consactic in nature, and a total rehaldilication including restoration of the facade and public spaces is completely feable. (Deconstite terms cotte elements from the upper levels have been removed for safety reasons, but they are stored in the building for one in future restoration.) Plans for the rebabilitation include working within the Canachine of the Secretary of the Interior, and taking advantage of the becomes Recovery Tax Act of 1981.

C. Major Bibliographical Re	ferences
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Withey, H.F. & E.R. Biographical Dictionary Hennessey & Ingalls, 1970, Los Angeles.	of American Architects (Deceased).
nonnessey & ingalis, 1970, 10% Angeles.	(Continued on Continuation Sheet #3
10. Geographical Vala	
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Quadrangle name Chicago Loop, IL	Quadrangle scale 1:24,000
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Verbal boundary description and justification	
tenst 130' of Lots 3 & 4 taken on a tract, exc thereof and excepting that part of said tract (Continued on Continuation Sheet #3)	
List all states and counties for properties everlapping a	tate or county houndaries
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11. Form Prenared Ry	
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organization HISTORIC RESOURCES	date September 23, 1982
street & number 711 South Dearborn Street	telephone (312) 922-7211
city or town Chicago	state Tllinois
12. State Misteric Preserva	don Olicer Cartification
The evaluated significance of this property within the state is:	
national state focal	
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the Nat	
665). I hereby nonnerte this property for inclusion in the National according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the Herita q	of Register and confity that if has been evaluated
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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service Mational Register of Mictoric Places Inventory—Romination Form

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Continuation sheet #4 NAJOR BIBLIOSKAPHICAL

Item number 9

Page 2

Randall, Prouk A. <u>History of the Envelopment of Emilding Construction in Chicago.</u>
University of Illimic Press, 1949, Urbana.

Edwards, kichard, bl. <u>Adwards' Directory of Chicago.</u> (Edwards), 1872 et. sec.,
Chicago.

Various Chicago Directorics.

GEOGRAPHICAL DATA - Verbal Poundary Description & Justification Item #10 (Cont'd.)

west 10' public alley said north line being 9' north of and parallel with the south line of vaid lots 3 and 4 in block 141 in school section addition to Chicago in Scotion 15 township line mode 14 cast of 316 Eximatel Meridian an Cook County, Illinois.

Major Bibliographical References Brandon, Ruth. A Capitalist Romance, Singer and the Sewing Machine. 1977, New York. Withey, H.F. & E.R. Biographical Dictionary of American Architects (Deceased). Hennessey & Ingalls, 1970, Los Angeles. (Continued on Continuation Sheet #3) Geographical Data 10. Acreage of nominated property . Quadrangle scale 1:24,000 Quadrangle name Chicago Loop, IL **UMT References** Verbal boundary description and justification East 130' of Lots 3 & 4 taken on a tract, excepting from said tract the North 165 feet thereof and excepting that part of said tract lying south of the north line of the east (Continued on Continuation Sheet #3) List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries state code county code code cade state county Form Prepared By name title Wilbert R. Hasbrouck, FAIA, Architect organization HISTORIC RESOURCES date September 23, 1982 (312) 922-7211 street & number 711 South Dearborn Street telephone Illinois Chicago state city or town **State Historic Preservation Officer Certification** The evaluated significance of this property within the state is: national _X_state local As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion an the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service. State Historic Preservation Officer signature 12/23/82 title For HCRS use only I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register date Keeper of the National Register date Chief of Registration



United States Department of the Interior

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE WASHINGTON, D.C. 20240

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IN REPLY REFER TO:

The Director of the National Park Service is pleased to inform you that the following properties have been entered in the National Register of Historic Places during the week beginning February 6, 1983 and ending February 12, 1983. For further information call (202) 272-3504.

STATE, County, Vicinity, Property, Address, (date listed)

ARIZONA, Maricopa County, Phoenix, U.S. Post Office, 522 N. Central Ave. (02/10/83) ARIZONA, Pima County, Tucson, U.S. Post Office and Courthouse, 55 E. Broadway (02/10/83)

CALIFORNIA, Humboldt County, Eureka, U.S. Post Office and Courthouse, Fifth and H Sts. (02/10/83) CALIFORNIA, Merced County, Merced. U.S. Post Office, 401 W. 18th St. (02/10/83) CALIFORNIA, San Diego County, San Ysidro, U.S. Inspection Station/U.S. Custom House, Virginia and Tijuana Sts. (02/10/83)

CALIFORNIA, San Joaquin County, Stockton, U.S. Post Office, 401 N. San Joaquin St. (02/10/83) CALIFORNIA, Stanislaus County, Modesto, U.S. Post Office, Twelfth and I Sts. (02/10/83)

ILLINOIS, Bureau County, Princeton, Skinner, Richard M., House, 627 E. Peru St. (02/10/83) ILLINOIS, Cass County, Beardstown, Park House, 200 W. Second St. (02/10/83)

ILLINOIS, Cook County, Chicago, King, Patrick J., House, 3234 W. Washington Blvd. (02/10/83) ILLINOIS, Cook County, Chicago, Singer Building, 120 S. State St. (02/10/83)

ILLINOIS, Lee County, Dixon, Nachusa House, 215 S. Galena Ave. (02/10/83)

ILLINOIS, Logan County, Mt. Pulaski vicinity, Buckles, Robert, Barn (Round Barns in Plinois TR), SE of Mt. Pulaski (02/10/83) ILLINOIS, McLean County, Chenoa, Scott, Matthew T., House, 227 1st Ave. (02/10/83)

ILLINOIS, Peoria County, Norwood Park vicinity, Christ Church of Lower Kickapoo, W of Norwood Park on Christ Church Rd. (02/10/83)

ILLINOIS, Pike County, Summer Hill, Scott, Lyman, House, U.S. 54 (02/10/83)

ILLINOIS, Sangamon County, Springfield, St. Nicholas Hotel. 400 E. Jefferson St. (02/10/83)

INDIANA, Monroe County, Bloomington, Blair-Dunning House, 608 W. 3rd St. (02/10/83)

KANSAS, Ford County, Dodge City, Sacred Heart Cathedral, 903 Central Ave. (02/10/83) KANSAS, Grav County, Cimarron, Cimarron Hotel, 203 N. Main St. (02/10/83)

KENTUCKY, Christian County, Hopkinsville, Dalton, Monroe, House (Christian County MRA), 713 E. 7th St. (02/10/83)

KENTUCKY, Jefferson County, Harrods Creek, Nitta Yuma Historic District, 5028, 5040, 5044, and 5051 Nitta Yuma (02/10/83)

KENTUCKY, Taylor County, Campbellsville vicinity, Hiestand, Jacob, House, W of Campbellsville off KY 210 (02/10/83)

KENTUCKY, Taylor County, Campbellsville, Campbellsville Historic Commercial District, Roughly bounded by Columbia Ave., Broadway, 1st, Hotchkiss Sts., Central Ave. (both sides), and RR tracks (02/10/83)

MICHIGAN, Cheboygan County, Cheboygan, Newton-Allaire House, 337 Dresser St. (02/10/83) MICHIGAN, Wayne County, Detroit, Trinity Evangelical Lutheran Church Comolex, 1345 Gratiot Ave. (02/10/83)